

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

BRUSH AND PENCIL

composition and thus affording an aid to critical judgment. Probably no clearer or more satisfactory work of the kind has ever been offered to the public, and one is inclined to urge every student of the fine

arts to make a careful study of its pages.

M. Hudson Moore in "The Old China Book," published by Frederick A. Stokes Company, has furnished a comprehensive and eminently satisfactory manual on old china ware, especially Staffordshire. Wedgwood, lustre, and other English pottery and porcelain. Not the least valuable feature of the work is the profusion of its excellent half-tone illustrations, no less than one hundred and fifty reproductions being given of works of interest.

The book, as the author states, was compiled to meet the wants of those who own old china, particularly old English china, and would like to know more about it, and to stimulate others, to whom the fascinations of china collecting are as yet unknown. many more to whom the author hopes to appeal—those who are interested in their country's history during that strenuous time when the colonies cast aside their mother's hand and took their first steps alone, since many of these old wares are little less than chapters of history.

Mr. Moore gives an historical and pictorial survey of the whole subject of old china and leaves little to be desired either by the special student or the general reader. He gives an interesting account of early pottery, Staffordshire wares, portrait pieces, Liverpool and other printed wares, English porcelain and pottery, basaltes, lustres, white wares, Wedgwood, jugs, tea-pots, animal pieces, etc. The wellselected illustrations serve not less as a stimulant to the reader than as an enforcement of the text. An interesting feature of the work to the connoisseur is a list of views to be found on American, English, and miscellaneous china ware, and also a well-selected bibliography of works on pottery and porcelain. The book is entertainingly written and has the added value of being authoritative.



BOOKS RECEIVED

"American Literature," by William P. Trent. D. Appleton & Co. \$1.40 net.

"The Saint Louis World's Fair," by Charles M. Kurtz. Gottschalk Printing Co.